

# Governing the Coast

Vulnerability, Adaptation and Transformation



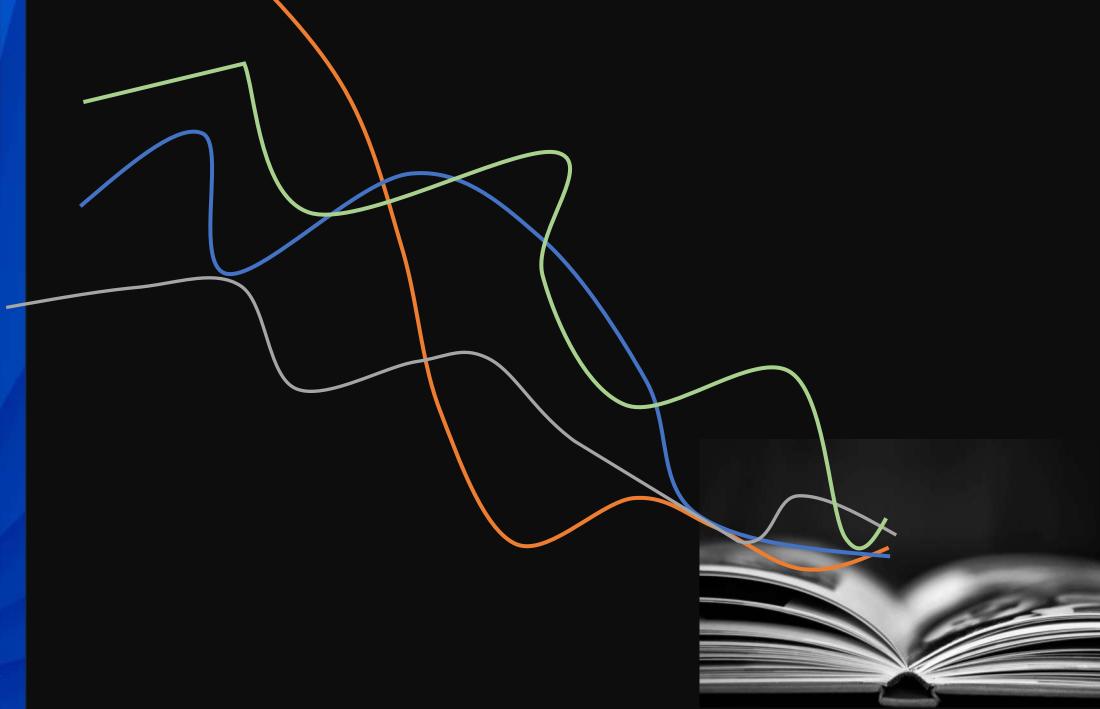




### **Dr Carmen Elrick-Barr**

Senior Research Fellow, University of the Sunshine Coast
Australian Research Council Discovery Early Career Research Fellow
Chair, Western Australian Coastal and Marine Network (WACMN)
State Rep, West Australian Chapter, Australian Coastal Society (ACS)
Adjunct Senior Research Fellow, University of Western Australia
Board member, Ocean and Coastal Management
Future Earth Coasts Fellow







# What is coastal sustainability?





















## Better = Care



## Coastal govern

Our goal is to improve the li coastal areas through bette

## **Embracing vulnerabil**

The condition of the Australian coast is de global environmental change and urban integrated coastal management efforts.

We need to urgently change how we thin environments, exploring new and better v

## Research focus

Our research seeks to:

- 2. Critically analyse how vulnerability coastal governance approaches
- 3. Assess the implications for coastal of vulnerability and change



### Dr Carmen Elrick-Barr

Senior Research Fellow | School of Law and Society

celrick@usc.edu.au

Carmen applies expertise in climate change vulnerability assessment and adaptation planning to lead work on existing coastal governance arrangements and coastal vulnerability.



### **Emeritus Professor Tim Smith** tsmith5@usc.edu.au

Professor Smith is the overall project lead.



### Associate Professor Dana Thomsen dthomsen@usc.edu.au

Professor Thomsen is an expert in sustainability communication and advocacy and leading work on coastal governance innovations.

- 1. Identify the types of social-ecologic

- Professor Ryan Plummer Director of the Environmental Sustainability Research Centre (ESRC) Brock University, where his program of research concerns the governance of social-ecological systems.
- Assistant Professor Jessica Blythe human geographer with research expertise in ocean governance, sustainable transformations and climate change adaptation.
- . Professor lain White environmental planner whose interdisciplinary research explores institutional change with regard to new forms of spatial development and climate change adaptation.
- Associate Professor Daniel Henstra political scientist who studies the governance of complex policy areas such as climate change adaptation, emergency management and flood risk management.

## **PhD Students**

- Dr Miguel Frohlich an environmental planner and lawyer whose research explores how legal frameworks for coastal management can influence the adoption of adaptive management.
- Dr Jonathan Raikes applies his experience working on international disaster risk reduction strategies to investigate the intersection of governance for disaster risk reduction and sustainable development goals in Australia and Canada.
- Pippa Huddleston an environmental planner who will draw on her practical experience in infrastructure planning to compare governance tools in coastal infrastructure retreat in Australia, New Zealand and the Pacific.
- Angela Mallette applies her experience working in municipal climate change adaptation planning to explore opportunities for learning through Canadian and Australian case studies.

https://usc.edu.au





Dr Ailbhe Travers: Network Manager Vice-Chair: Kate Sputore

https://wacmn.net/

## WACMN IS A STATE-WIDE MEMBERSHIP NETWORK FOR COASTAL & MARINE STEWARDS

We connect members from across community, industry, research and government as a cross-sector stewardship network that reaches from the north coast to the south coast of WA.







CRICOS Provider Number: 01595D

Michael Burton



Julian Clifton



Fran Ackermann































Euan Harvey

Paul McLeod

Jenny Shaw

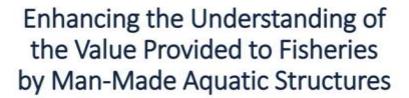
Dianne McLean

Julian Partridge

Steve Newman

Mark Pagano

Luke Twomey



FRDC 2018-053

















## Monitoring of Community Coastal Values

The PNP and UWA delivered a pilot community values project in the PNP region from Rockingham to Busselton, The project utilised the CoastSnap community beach monitoring sites as a tool to support the collection of real-time community coastal social values.

# A new vision for coastal resilience: Engaging communities

through art to design a transformative future

Natasha Pauli · Carmen Elrick-Barr · Abbie Rogers · Daniel Jan Martin · Michael Cuttler · Arnold van Rooijen · Rosie Halsmith · Ellie Biggs · Kate Driver · Sofie Nielsen · Caine Holdsworth · Liam Mouritz · Alice Ford



About





## Coastal community resilience project

Using research to build community resilience to coastal climate hazards in Australia.

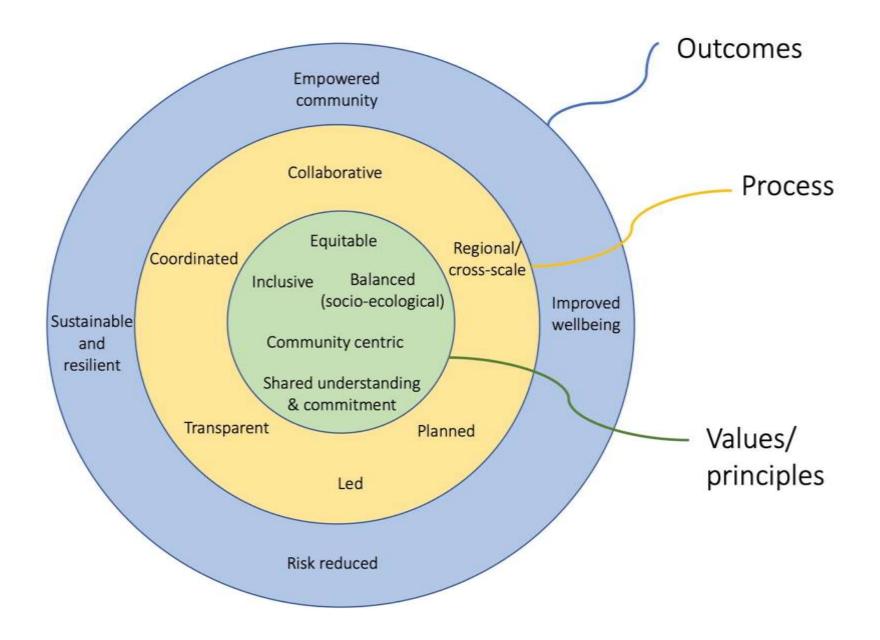
- Professor Tim Smith Lincoln University, New Zealand: is an expert in coastal governance and climate change adaptation
- Professor Mark Pelling King's College, United Kingdom: is an expert in the institutions and social relationships that shape vulnerability and adaptation to natural disasters, including those associated with climate change.
- Emerita Professor Kate Brown University of Exeter, United Kingdom: is an interdisciplinary social scientnts specialising in environmental change, vulnerability and resilience.
- Professor Bruce Glavovic Massey University, New Zealand: Bruce's research centres on the role of governance in building resilient and sustainability communities, focusing on coastal communities.
- <u>Professor Ryan Plummer</u> Brock University, Canada: leads a multi-faceted program of research broadly concerning the governance of social-ecological systems.

### ther team members

- Dr Marcus Bussey University of the Sunshine Coast, Australia: is a futurist and historian whose research focus explores cultural change via the
  phenomenology of body wisdom, anticipatory aesthetics and educational futures.
- Samantha Willcocks (PhD candidate) is a creative imagineer and community change-maker exploring inner and outer dimensions of
  adaptive capacity, and eco-embodied cognition for resilience, through a participatory, trans-disciplinary approach in Africa and Australia.

University of the Sunshine Coast Australia







"A lot of providers are getting paid less than what it costs [to deliver services], and we're expected to get the gap from the clients ... So the business of aged care has been disrupted by the government and it is supposed to be going towards a market economy."

QLDVuln05

".. we try to innovate as much as we can. We can innovate somewhat. But every program funded by the government, about 95% of our funding, has a hundred-page manual on how to do it." QLDVuln05

"the elected member body [are] elected on a platform of debt management and no rate rises. So convincing elected members to do something that is innovative but is going to cost more money, that's a hurdle" SACM01

"I think there's a good history within this council of individual operators having great ideas, but it always costs money. So, trying to find a way of doing that in a cost neutral situation is the challenge" SACM02

CAPACITY 43%: 13 mentions

GOVERNANCE 33%: 10 mentions "[the ability to innovate is dictated by] how government want to do things, how they set their goals" SAVuln02

"[engineers] have to meet the Australian standards. So looking at ways we can incorporate more vegetation ...whilst still providing the same function [is challenging]." VicCM06

"So I think you need to have more experience, obviously more study [to effectively innovate]" TasVuln05

"I think some of the barriers [are] culture and the idea that when you go for procurement, that your lowest cost always comes up first."

SACM01

CULTURE 23%: 7 mentions

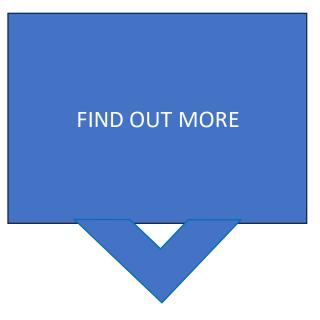
"[it depends] how many people promote it.....If it doesn't feel much worse, nothing is going to change" SAVuln02 "It's much harder in government. You're not allowed to fail. ... even though they're saying, oh, yes, it's all fine. No, you're not allowed to fail. ....We'll do a trial, and we'll do another pilot because it becomes a risk averse way of saying, 'how are we going to try something [new]?'" SACM01



	Coastal	Community	
Actions considered innovative	Technological developments (e.g., improved information on coastal change) Forward planning activities Infrastructure (e.g., seawalls, solar farms, foreshore developments) Improvements in risk management Cross-jurisdictional networks Policy or legislative change Citizen science (e.g., CoastSnap) Community awareness-raising (e.g., Coastal Ambassadors)	provision (e.g., health apps, volunteer recruitment apps) Change in problem-solution framing	FIND OUT MORE  https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envsci.2024.103687
Objective of innovation	Address risk (e.g., flood risk) Build organisational capacity (e.g., improve knowledge/understanding of risk) Increase community awareness (e.g., community engagement in adaptation planning, understanding of coastal processes)	Contents lists available at ScienceDirect  Environmental Science and Policy  Environmental Science and Policy  journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/envsci  Governance innovations in the coastal zone: Towards	
Who is involved?	Local government State government Consultants/researchers Local community members/beach users	social-ecological resilience  Carmen E. Elrick-Barr <sup>a, e, *, 1</sup> , Dana C. Thomsen <sup>a, c, d, 2</sup> , Timothy F. Smith <sup>a, b, c, d, 3</sup> <sup>a</sup> Sustainability Research Centre, School of Law and Society, University of the Sunshine Coast, Sippy Downs, QLD, Australia	







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Is 'hope' helpful or a hinderance? Implications for coastal governance

Carmen E. Elrick-Barr a,b,\*, Timothy F. Smith b,c,d,e, Dana C. Thomsen b

- \* Centre for Environmental Economics and Policy, School of Agriculture and Environment, Oceans Institute, University of Western Australia, Australia
- Sustainability Research Centre, School of Law and Society, University of the Sunshine Coast, Queensland, Australia
- Faculty of Environment, Society and Design, Lincoln University, Aotearoa, New Zealand
- Environmental Sustainability Research Centre, Brock University, Canada
- \* SWEDESD, Department of Women's and Children's Health, Uppsala University, Sweden



# Exemplars

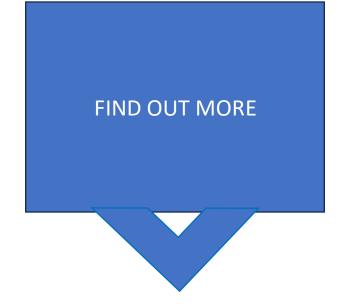




## Sought:

- Impact beyond the immediate focal area of the organization
- To achieve community sustainability (social and ecological)

Operated independently from government Supported cross-sectoral collaboration

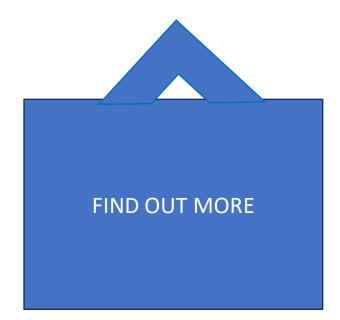




Do we have a vision for coastal sustainability?







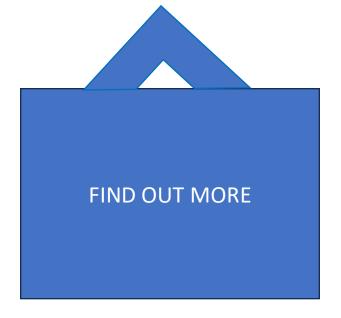
### From

- Managing the physical impacts of select climate hazards
- Unquestioned anthropocentric foci
- Legislation and data that reflect historic contexts (European dominated)
- Sectoral isolation across SES vulnerabilities (fragmentation and duplication)
- 'Hidden' social vulnerabilities
- Limited support/resources to local communities
- Failure avoidance

### Towards

- Seeing and managing coasts as complex SES facing cumulative risks
- Critical consideration of framing
- Mechanisms that reflect contemporary contexts and cultural aspirations
- Cross-sectoral (and cross-scale) integration and collaboration
- Acceptance of and action to address systemic inequalities, e.g., procedural justice
- Investing in communities to enhance existing capabilities
- Experimentation and permission to fail

www.usc.edu.au/coastalgovernance
Access final report here



## **Coastal Governance: Embracing Vulnerability and Change**

Final project report



Timothy F Smith, Carmen E Elrick-Barr, and Dana C Thomsen

November 2023





What (and who) are we managing (for)?







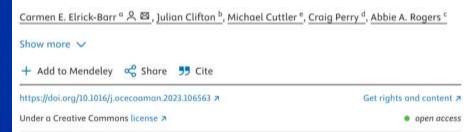


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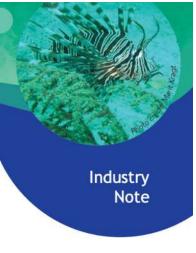
Understanding coastal social values through citizen science: The example of Coastsnap in Western Australia





Centre for Environmental Economics & Policy

Understanding the social and environmental values the community hold for Cockburn Sound

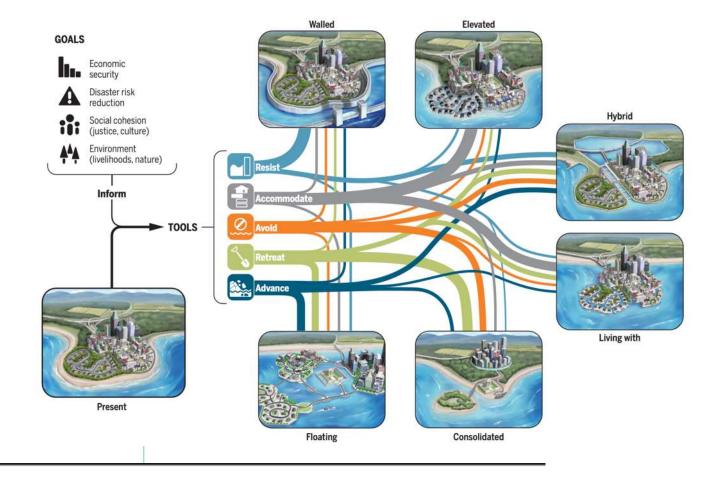






Mach and Siders 2021 https://www.science.org/doi/10.1126/science. abh1894





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Thomsen, D. C., T. F. Smith, and N. Keys. 2012. Adaptation or manipulation? Unpacking climate change response strategies. *Ecology and Society* 17(3): 20. 

<a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5751/ES-04953-170320">http://dx.doi.org/10.5751/ES-04953-170320</a>



Insight

# **Adaptation or Manipulation? Unpacking Climate Change Response Strategies**

Dana C. Thomsen 1, Timothy F, Smith 1, and Noni Keys 1



Arts methods selection (photography, textiles, collage)



Community engagement workshops



Landscape architecture design studios - semester 2 2024

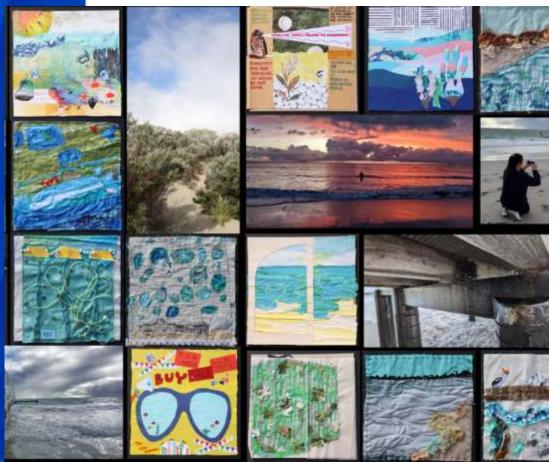


Collaborative exhibition(s) of outputs (UWA, Cockburn)



Feedback on approach from community and decision makers

Figure 1: Visual summary of research project process











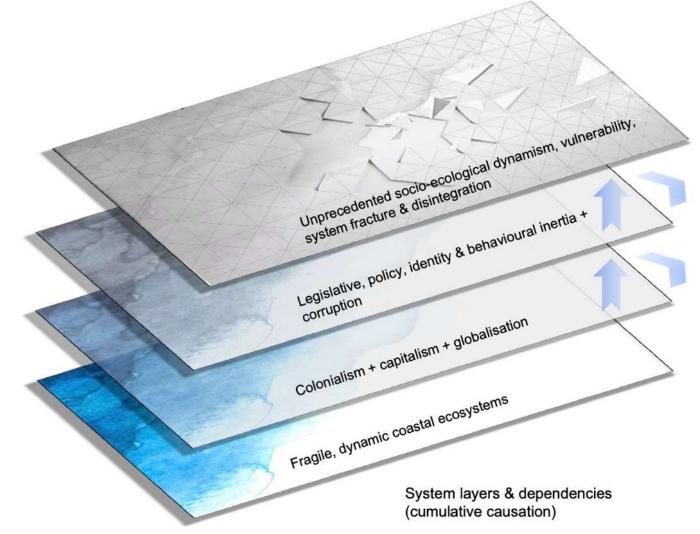
Drift through dunes





"'more understandable, usable, and actionable and something that speak to [their] needs...'" (Panwar et al 2024)





Rapid population growth + unsustainable development + climate change hazards



Entrenched inequalities + disconnects within & between social & ecological systems

Emergent & reinforcing system qualities

Time



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## QUESTIONS AND DISCUSSION

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